

Media Workshop - Forum International Météo et Climat

Understanding Earth from Space: Data, AI, and Communication for Climate Adaptation

European Space Transportation Systems: VEGA family & Space Rider

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18/06/2026

Introduction: Why Space Transportation Matters



Earth observation
starts on the ground



No climate data
without access to space



Europe's autonomous
access to space as
strategic capability



Link between launch
systems and environmental
intelligence
(eg: Earth digital twin)



Reliable climate intelligence depends on reliable access to space.
Space transportation is the enabler of knowledge, action and a sustainable future.

ESA Directorate of Space Transportation

The ESA Directorate of Space Transportation ensures Europe's autonomous and reliable access to space.



Defines and implements Europe's **launchers strategy** in line with European needs



Develops and operates European **launchers** and related **infrastructures**



Works with European industry and Member States to strengthen **competitiveness** and **innovation**



Promotes **sustainability** and responsible access to space

European launchers overview

Vega-C
Small/medium satellite launcher





Earth observation & scientific missions



Small to medium payloads



Dedicated, agile and cost-effective

Ariane 6
Heavy-lift launcher





Constellations & large satellites

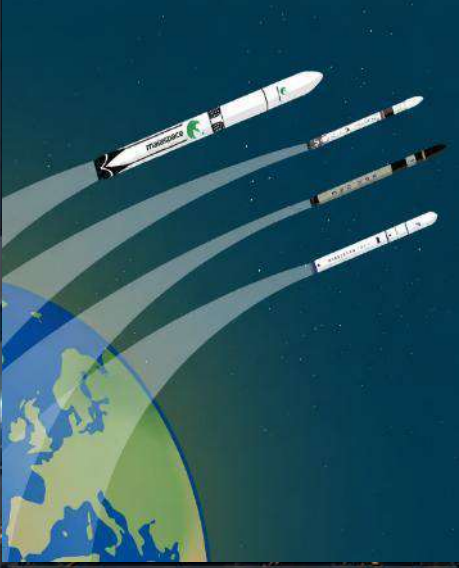


Heavy payloads



High capacity, versatile & competitive

Next to come: ELC
European Launcher Challenge





Expanding European launch service supply



Ensuring greater robustness of access



Strengthening European autonomy

Complementary roles

Vega-C
Earth observation / small-medium payloads

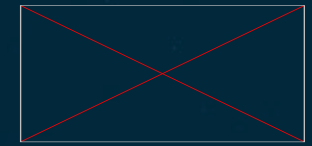
Ariane 6
Heavy payloads and constellations

ELC
Expanding European launch service supply and ensuring greater robustness in Europe's access to space



A comprehensive and evolving ecosystem to guarantee Europe's autonomous access to space, **today and for the future.**

VEGA family



VEGA Family foundation



2012-20
24

VEGA C Current backbone



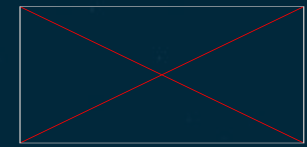
2022
-

VEGA E Next step

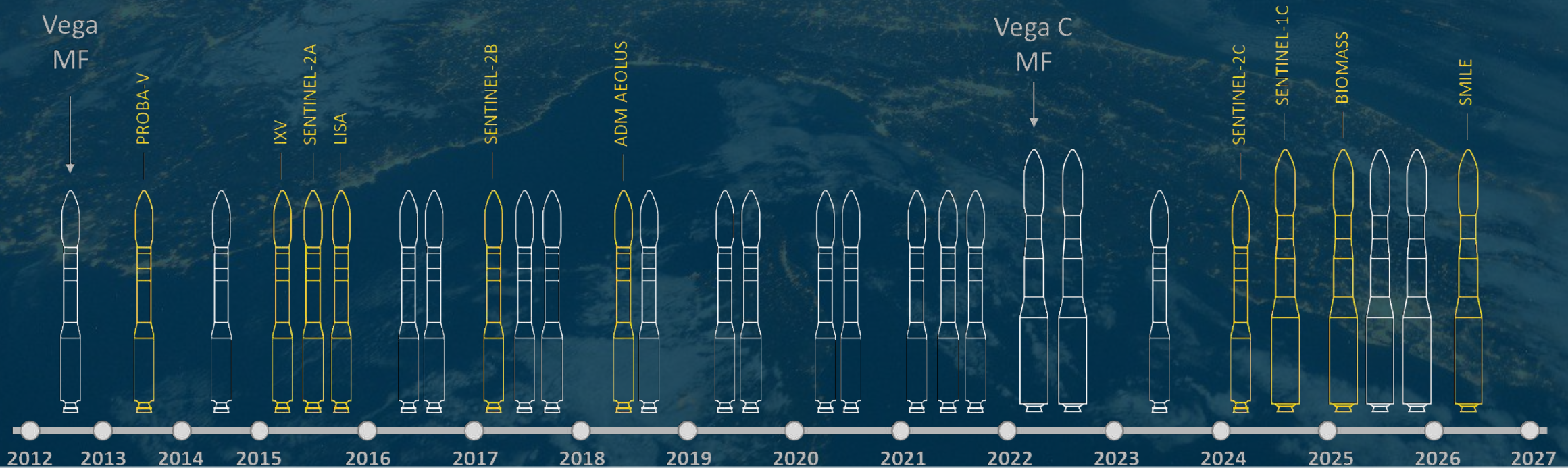
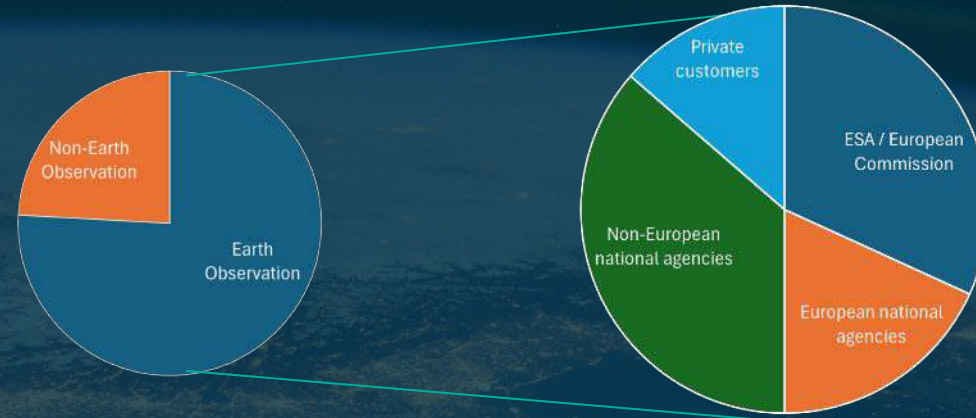


Starting
2029

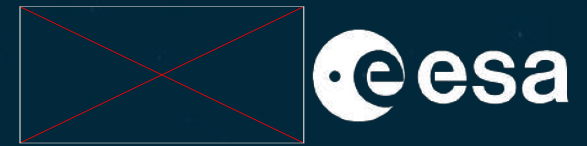
Launch record



14 years of exploitation
29 Missions
+140 satellites to orbit
35 tons of orbited mass



Elevating Europe's Launch Capabilities



Enhanced Payload Capacity:

Up to 2.3 tons in LEO, offering a 35% performance increase for heavier climate satellites (radar).

Volume and comfort:

Larger payload fairing and decreased shock environment

Very precise orbit injection:

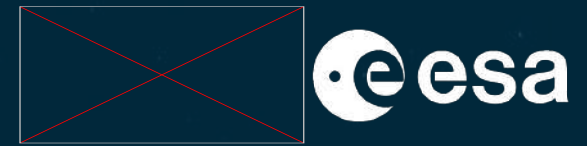
Increased number of AVUM firing to attain three orbit mission and Upgraded adapters to flawlessly deploy multi-satellite.

Synergy with Ariane 6:

Shared P120C first-stage solid rocket motor, streamlining European industrial supply chains and production costs.



Versatile Mission configuration



1

VAMPIRE
Dedicated launch



2

HEXA 1 – HEXA 2
Main PL + Piggyback



3

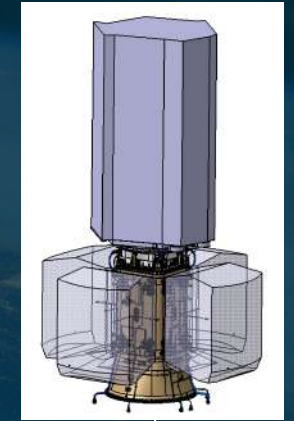
SSMS PLAT & FLEXI
Constellations /
Rideshare



4

**VESPA + R & VESPA
C**
Dual Launch

*Next to
Space*



5

CLESSIDRA
Lateral
separation

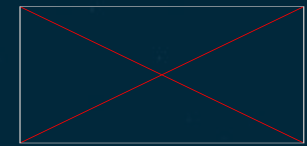


WHAT CHANGES AT CSG

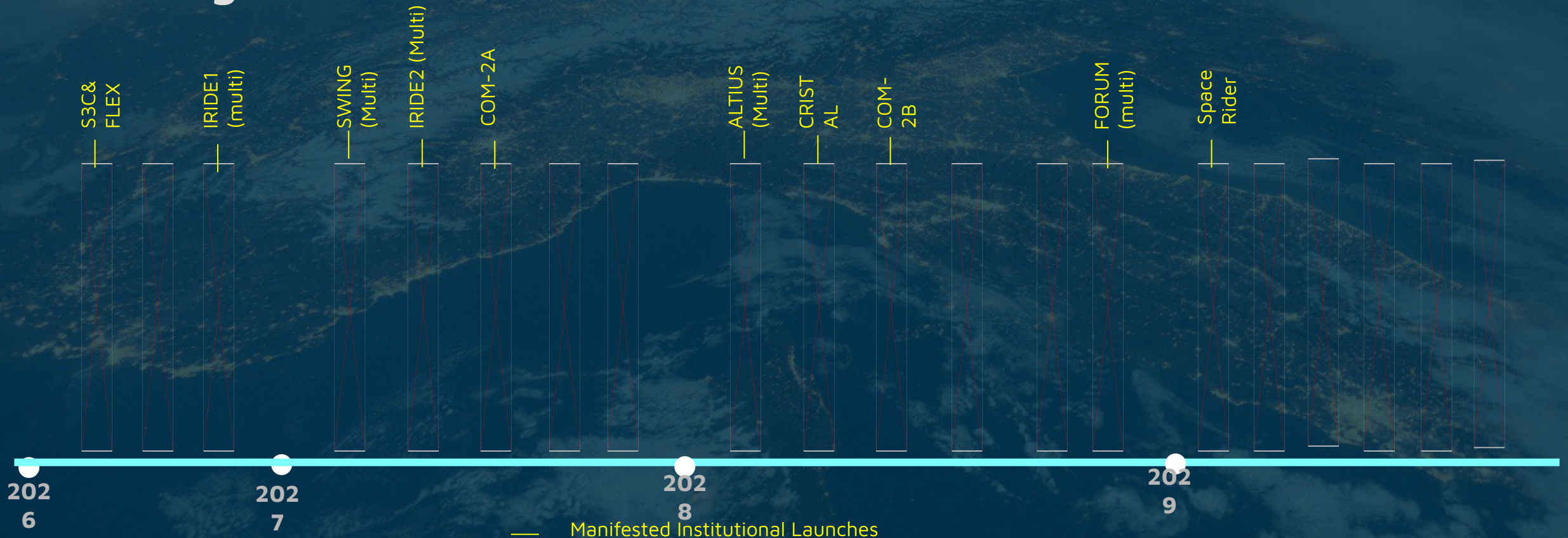
- 1 ZLV - Mobile Gantry: current Vega C Launch Pad
- 2 EPCU: Satellite Preparation Building
- 3 SRM Storage
- 4 BIL: to be converted in the new Vega C Integration Building
- 5 ZL3 - former Ariane 5 Launch Pad. To be converted in a future Vega C/E Launch Pad

NEW

VEGA C Institutional mission pipeline



Increasing European Strategic Autonomy
Supporting both dedicated and rideshare solutions
Ensuring continuous Earth Observation data streams



From Launch to IOD & IOV: Space Rider



Beyond launch: enabling future space technologies

Space Rider is ESA's reusable spaceplane designed to demonstrate key technologies in orbit and return valuable payloads to Earth, accelerating Europe's innovation capabilities.



Need for reusable and sustainable orbital systems

Reusability reduces cost, increases mission flexibility and enables more frequent access to space, while minimising environmental impact and supporting long-term sustainability.



Transition toward reusable transportation concepts

Space Rider paves the way for a new generation of European reusable transportation systems, bridging today's launch capabilities with tomorrow's fully reusable space future.



Space Rider demonstrates, in orbit and on return, Europe's capability to innovate, experiment and prepare **the next generation of reusable space transportation systems.**

Space Rider: Europe's Reusable Orbital Laboratory



1. What Space Rider is

- **Reusable robotic laboratory** designed to host experiments and technologies in orbit.
- **~2 months in orbit** providing time for experiments and technology validation.
- **Autonomous return to Earth** with precision re-entry and runway landing.



Reusable by design



~2 months in orbit



Autonomous operations



Precise landing



2. Why it matters



In-orbit experimentation

Enables controlled experiments in the unique environment of space.



Materials / science in microgravity

Advances scientific knowledge and the development of new materials and processes.



Technology demonstration and validation

Validates critical technologies and de-risks future missions, including Earth observation systems.



Direct contribution to Earth observation technology maturation.



3. Link with EO



Technology maturation

for future Earth observation systems.



Autonomous orbital experimentation

reducing risk and increasing flexibility.



Reusable access to orbit

lowering cost and increasing mission opportunities.



Sustainable space operations

supporting Europe's long-term environmental and climate objectives.



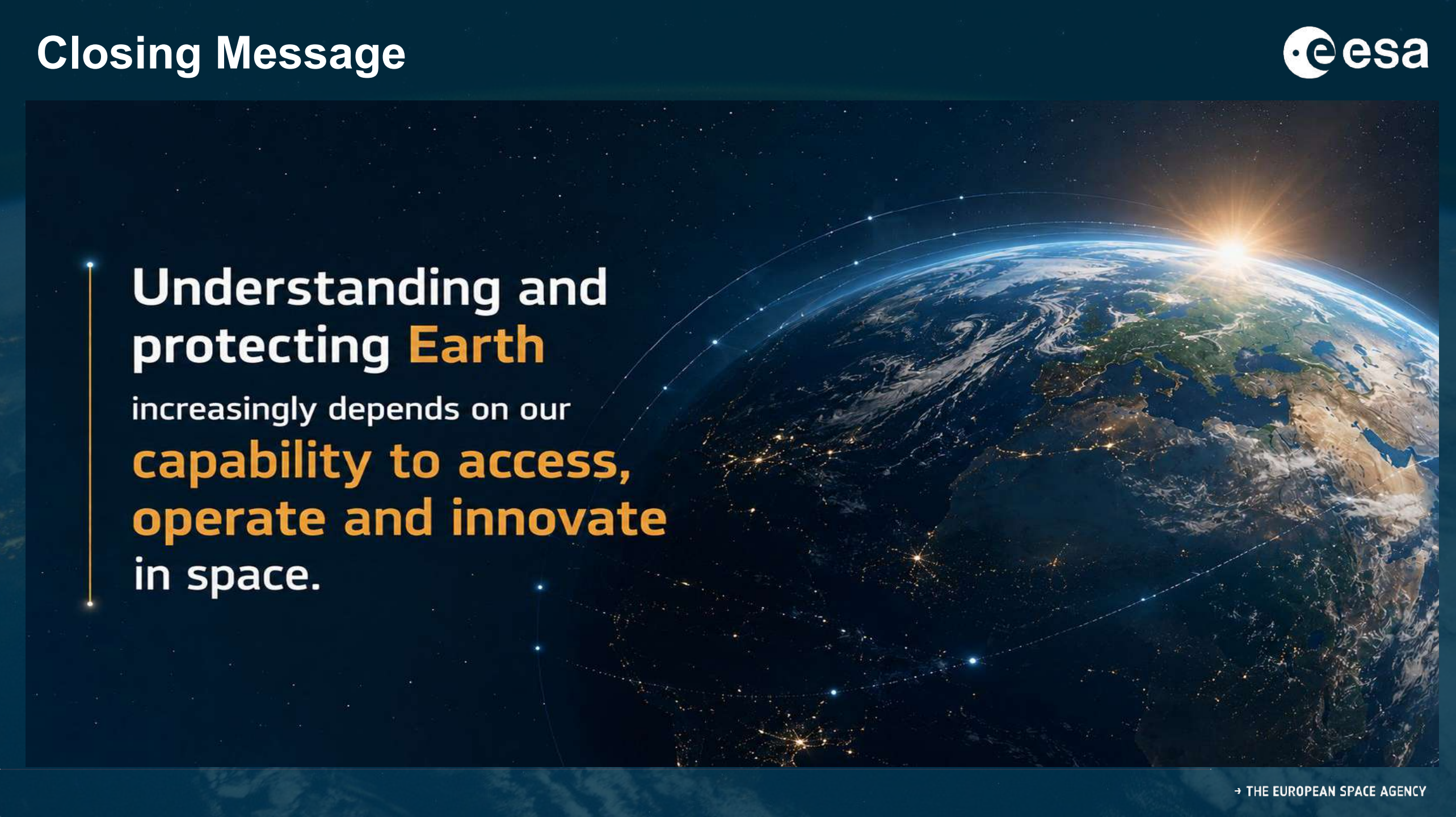
Faster validation of environmental-monitoring technologies

to deliver timely data and better inform decisions on Earth.



Space Rider is a key enabler for Europe's future space capabilities and **a powerful accelerator for Earth observation innovation.**



A full-page background image showing a view of Earth from space. The sun is rising over the horizon on the right side, casting a bright glow. The Earth's surface shows continents and oceans, with city lights visible at night. Several satellite orbits are depicted as thin lines with small dots representing satellites. A vertical yellow line is on the left side of the text.

**Understanding and
protecting Earth**
increasingly depends on our
**capability to access,
operate and innovate**
in space.